



BMA BIOMEDICALS

Biotinylated Monoclonal Antibody To Human MRP8/14

S100A8/A9, Calprotectin, L1 Protein - Acute Inflammation Marker

Monoclonal antibody 27E10 is unique in that it recognizes an epitope on the MRP8/14 heterocomplex that is not exposed on the individual subunits MRP8 or MRP14. It is ideally suited for the detection of early inflammatory macrophages and thus for the classification of acute stage inflammation in tissue sections and in smears, the characterization of tumorous tissues and the *in vitro* monitoring of peripheral blood cell cultures. The corresponding MRP8/14 ELISA (product S-1011) has shown great advantages in the early assessment of certain acute inflammatory conditions.

TECHNICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Product Number:	T-1024 (Lot 03PB1314)
Clone:	27E10
Host species, isotype:	Mouse IgG1
Quantity:	100µg
Format:	Affinity purified, biotinylated, lyophilized. Reconstitute by adding 0.5ml distilled water. This stock solution contains 0.2mg/ml IgG, phosphate buffered saline pH 7.2 (PBS), 5mg/ml bovine serum albumin (BSA) as a stabilizer and 0.05% (v/v) Kathon™ CG as a preservative.
Stability:	Original vial: 1 year at 4° - 8°C from date of purchase. Stock solution and aliquots thereof: 1 year at -20°C. Avoid freeze-thaw cycles.
Applications:	Tested in immunohistochemistry (IHC) and in ELISA; has also been described to work in FACS and dot blots. Approximate working dilution for IHC: Frozen sections: 0.5µg/ml (1:400) Paraffin sections: 2µg/ml (1:100); pretreatment with Proteinase K for antigen retrieval is recommended (T-3401) Optimal dilutions should be determined by the end user. Suggested positive control: Human tonsil Please see www.bma.ch for protocols and general information.
Immunogen:	Cultured human monocytes
Protein database:	human-P05109 , human-P06702
Antigen, epitope:	The antigen is MRP8/14 (calprotectin), the epitope involves parts of both subunits MRP8 and MRP14.

Antigen distribution:

Isolated cells: Monocytes carry the antigen both on the surface and intracellularly, granulocytes exhibit it only intracellularly. Up to 80% of monocytes in early cultures (24-48h) are positive. No reaction has been seen with lymphocytes or platelets.

Tissue sections: The antigen is found in macrophages in the red pulp of the spleen and liver. It is strongly expressed in macrophages from acute inflamed tissues (peridontitis, contact eczema, urticaria, erythrodermia) where some endothelial and epidermal cells may also express this antigen. It is normally absent on resident mononuclear phagocytes in healthy tissues (skin, gut, thymus).

Specificity:

Human: subpopulation of macrophages, monocytes and granulocytes; peripheral blood monocytes carry the antigen extra- and intracellularly, neutrophils only intracellularly.

Other: subpopulation of macrophages of rhesus monkey and bovine tissues. The antibody does not react with swine tissues.

Selected references

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Burkhardt, K. et al.: MRP8/14 positive macrophages as early acute cellular rejection markers, and soluble MRP8/14 and increased expression of adhesion molecules following renal allograft transplantation. *Transpl. Proceed.* 27: 890-91 (1995).

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Kiefer, R. et al.: Macrophage differentiation antigens in acute and chronic autoimmune polyneuropathies. *Brain* 121: 469-79 (1998).

For in vitro research only. This product contains Kathon™ CG as a preservative.